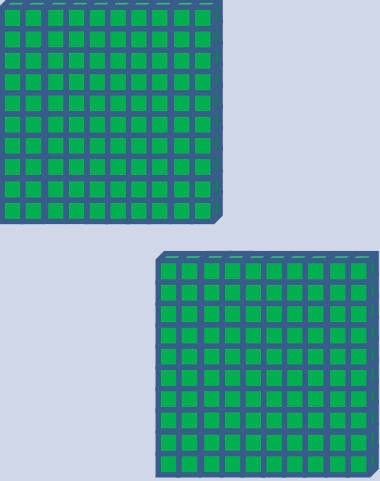
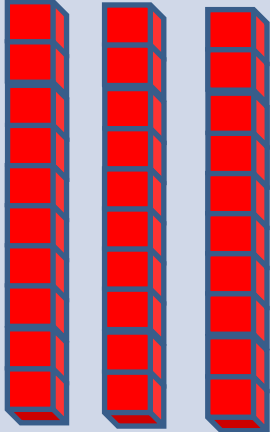
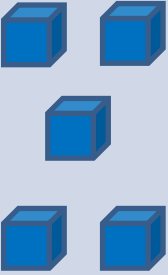
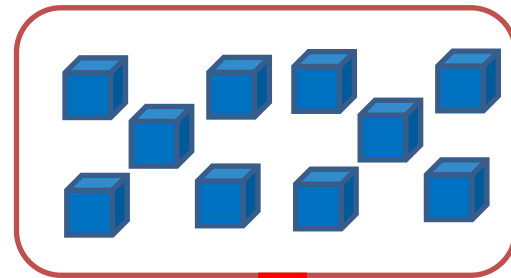


La numération

centaine	dizaine	unité
		
2	3	5
deux cent trente-cinq		

10 unités
= 1 dizaine



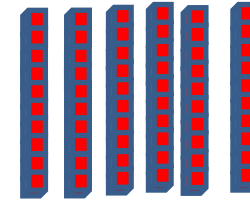
Les nombres

10



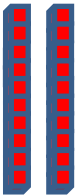
dix

60



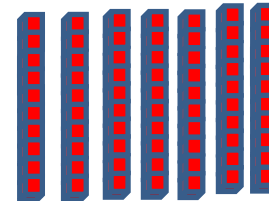
soixante

20



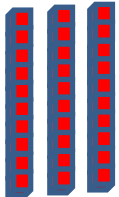
vingt

70



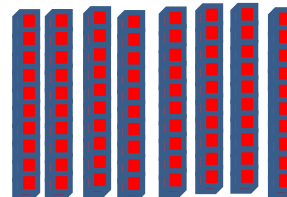
soixante-dix

30



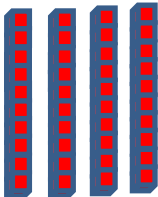
trente

80



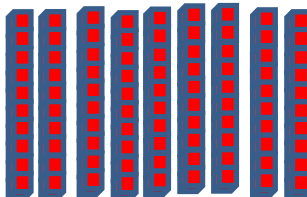
quatre-vingts

40



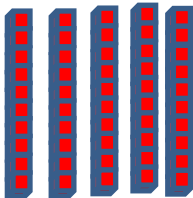
quarante

90



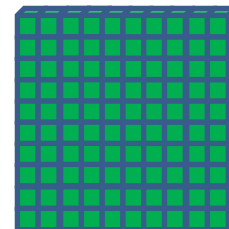
quatre-vingt-dix

50



cinquante

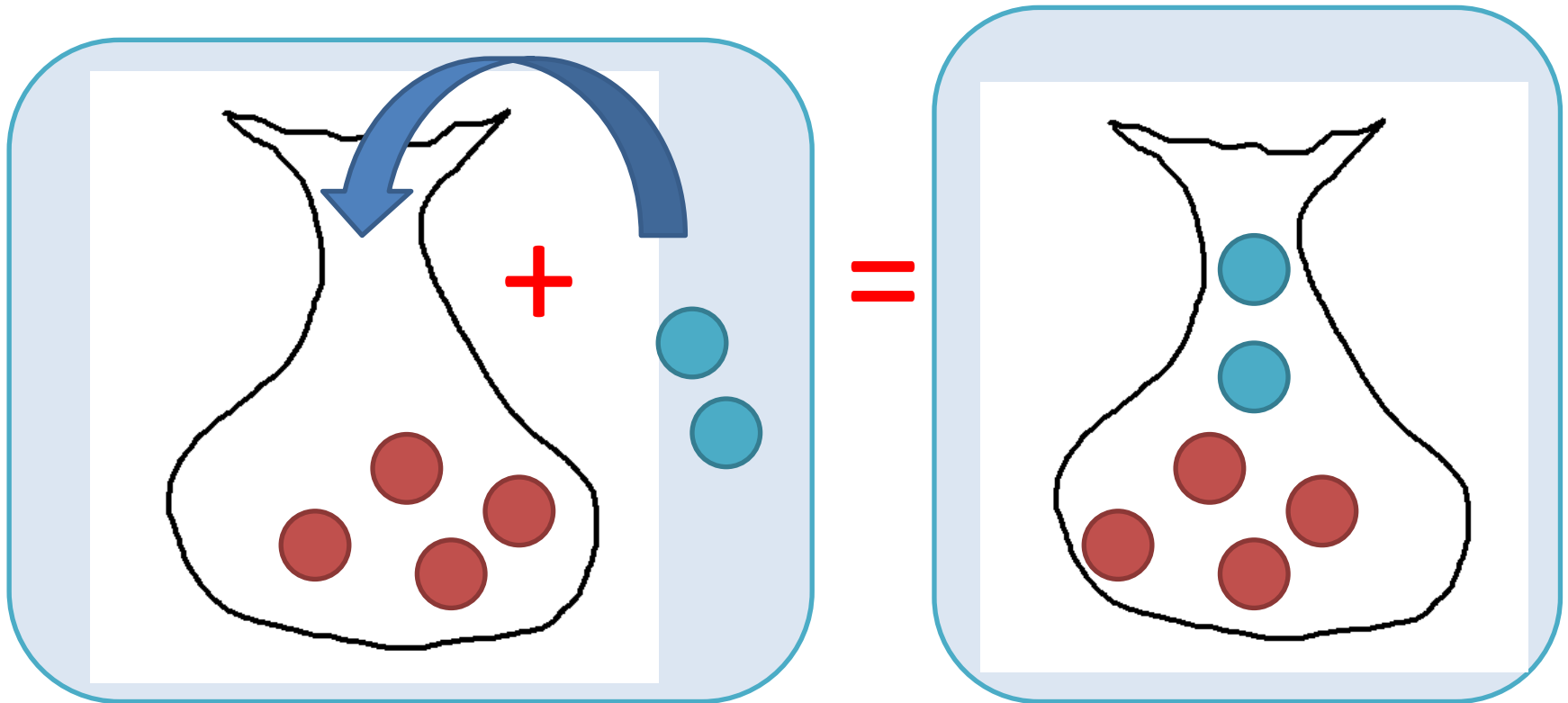
100



cent

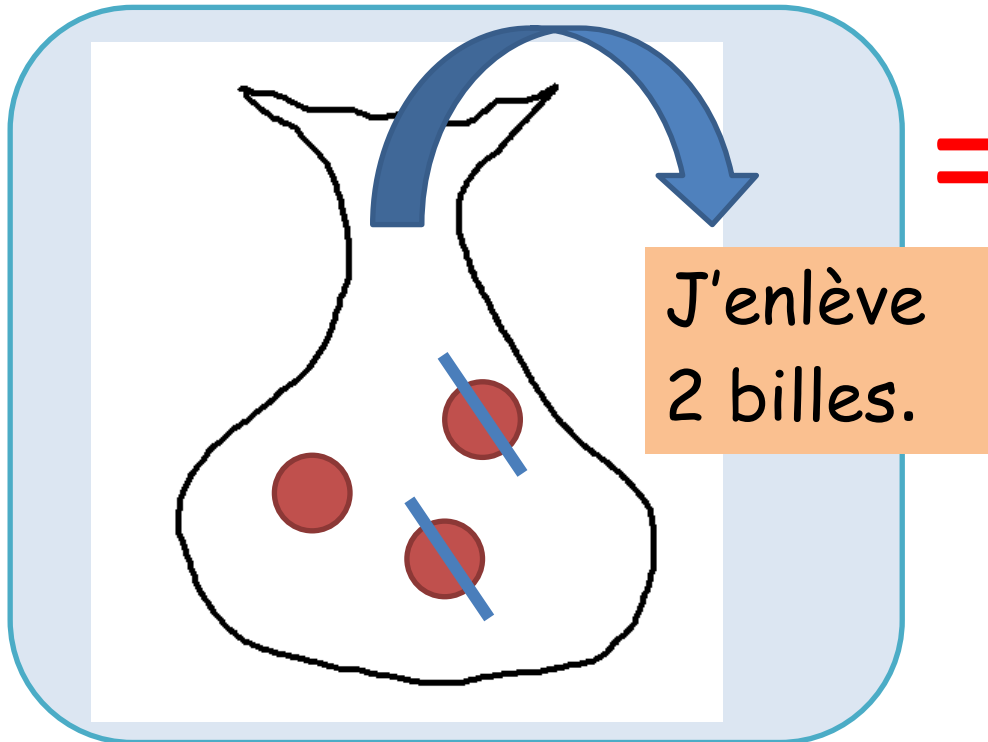
L'addition

$$4 + 2 = 6$$

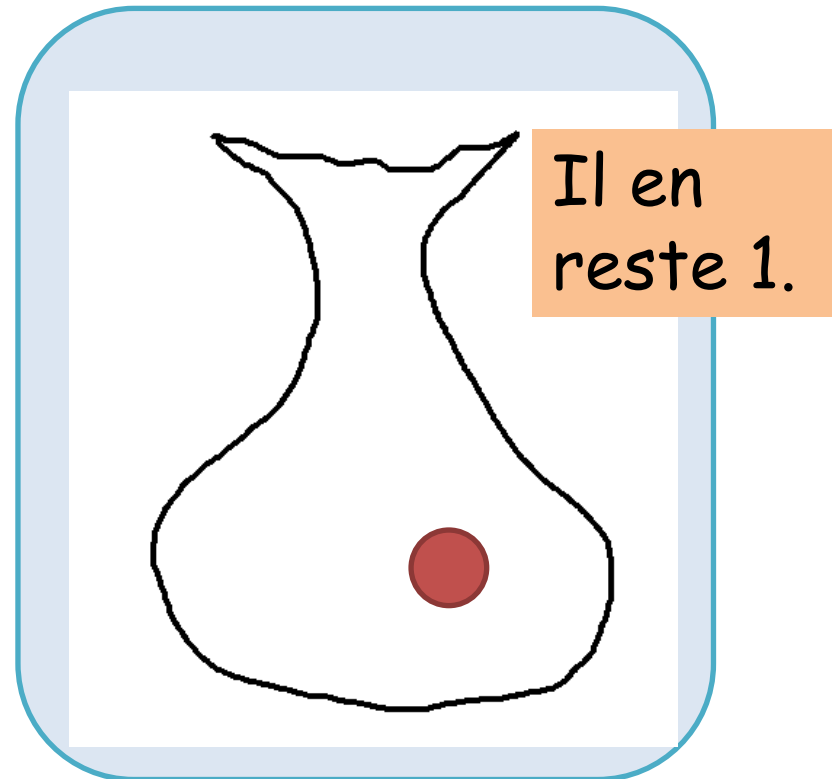


La soustraction

$$3 - 2 = 1$$



=



L'addition posée

	c	d	u
	2	3	4
+	1	2	3
<hr/>			
=	3	5	7

 Je commence toujours par les **unités** !

$$234 + 123 = 357$$

La soustraction posée

	c	d	u
	5	4	7
-	2	3	5
<hr/>			
=	3	1	2

Je commence toujours par les **unités** !



$$547 - 235 = 312$$

L'addition à retenue



Je
n'oublie
pas la
retenue !

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{+1} \quad \underline{d} \quad \underline{u} \\ 6 \quad 7 \\ + \quad 2 \quad 5 \\ \hline = \quad 9 \quad 2 \end{array}$$

$6 + 2 + 1 = 9$

$7 + 5 = 12$

$$67 + 25 = 92$$

La soustraction à retenue

J'ajoute ensuite
la **dizaine** au
nombre du bas.

Je calcule:

$$7 - 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{d} \quad \underline{u} \\ 7 \quad 14 \\ - \quad +12 \quad 7 \\ \hline = \quad 4 \quad 7 \end{array}$$

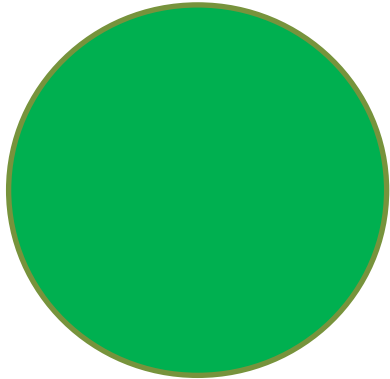
4 - 7 ?
impossible!

J'ajoute
une **dizaine**
et je calcule

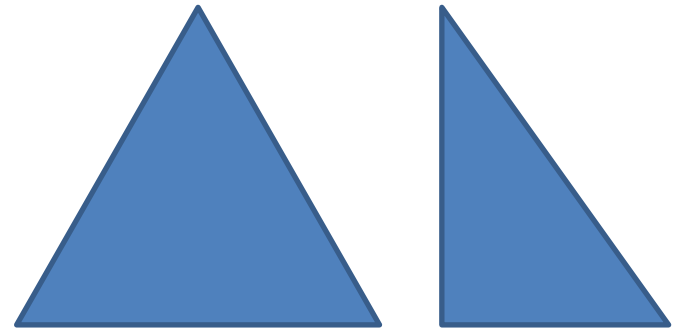
$$14 - 7$$

$$74 - 27 = 47$$

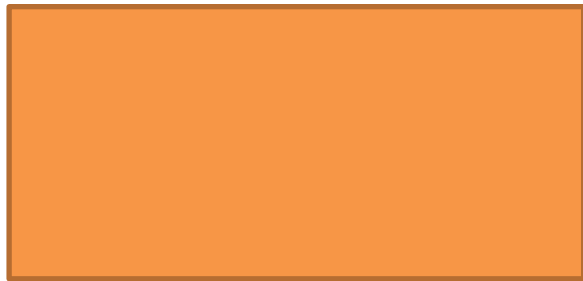
Les formes géométriques



Le cercle



Le triangle



Le rectangle



Le carré